

GUIDELINES TO EVALUATE APPLES FOR COMMERCIAL PLANTING IN THE SIERRA NEVADA FOOTHILLS

Maximum elevation: 4,000 feet level terrain

Optimum elevation: 2,500 - 3,000 feet

Soil texture: Sandy loam, loam, silt loam, clay loam

Soil families: Excellent performance on Josephine. Other good soils are Musick, Aiken, Holland, Shaver, Sierra, Sites, Cohasset, Auberry

Acceptable drainage: Fair to good

Acceptable soil depth: Minimum - 2 feet Optimum - 4 feet (for fruit quality)

Slope: Neutral, south, southwest, west, east, slightly north

Row orientation: North to South is best for close in row tree spacing. Frost potential and steepness of slope would be overriding factors.

Water required: Inches per season (orchard with ground cover)

1000-1500=49 inches	Add 10-15% for south, southwest
1500-2000=44 inches	slopes. Subtract 10-15% for north, north
2000-2500=39 inches	east slopes. Add 25-30% for extra heavy
2500-3000=36 inches	cover crop. Add 20-30% to all irrigations
3000-3500=33 inches	to account for system losses and
3500-4000=31 inches	inefficiencies.

Note: Most foothill soils store 1.5 to @ inches of water per foot from winter rainfall. This water and any rainfall during summer can be subtracted when calculating irrigation needs.

Temperature constraints: 28'F during bloom, bloom date important e.g. Granny Smith, empire and Gravenstein bloom early; Romes 4-5 weeks later. Red apples don't develop red color at lower, hotter elevations and sunburn increases. Late maturing varieties such as Granny Smith and Fuji may not have adequate number growing days to mature above 3000 feet elevation. Ridge tops provide better overall temperatures than valley in the foothills.

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Age:

To bearing 4 to 6 years Maximum bearing 8 to 10 years Prime bearing years-9 to 40 years

Varieties(in order of maturity): Gravenstein, Paula red, Akane, Golden Delicious, Red Delicious ,Empire, Jonagold, Stayman, Red Rome, Granny Smith, Fuji.

Rootstocks:

EMLA 106-1/2-2/3 size tree. EMLA 111-2/3-3/4 size tree EMLA 7A-1/2 size tree Seedling-standard tree size

Number of trees per acre. 200 to 400 Spacing from 15 feet square to 7 X 15'

Irrigation methods:

Micro sprinklers Under tree permanent set sprinklers Portable sprinklers Drip on nearly level ground (erosion can be a problem on steep slopes) Over tree permanent set sprinklers when frost protection is desired.

Yields:

Fair - 10 tons per acre Good - 15 to 20 tons per acre Excellent - 25 tons per acre

Major diseases: Apple scab, powdery mildew, oak root fungus, phytophera crown rot.

Persistent insect pests: Codling moth, San Jose scale, Rosy apple aphid.

Other common pests problems: Deer, meadow mice, gophers, birds.

Culture:

Training -	Red varieties-central leader or two leader
	Green/Yellow varieties-three or two leader
Weeds -	1 Cultivation-followed by mowing.
	2.Perennial grass cover crop(dwarf strains of rye, fescue, orchard
	grass).
	3. Strip spray weeds in row and mow centers.
Pruning -	annual removal of excess current season growth and renew spurs on 5
	year rotation.
Irrigation -	8 to 12 sprinkler applications or at 60 c.b. on tensiometer (18 inch
	depth) for sprinkler and 30 c.b. for drip
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Spraying - 5 to 9 applications

Establishment Costs:	\$ Per Acre
Fencing Trees Irrigation System Materials Labor Miscellaneous	200 - 400 800 - 1600 400 - 1200 500 - 800 1000 - 1300 100 - 700
	TOTAL \$3000-6000
Equipment Costs:	\$ Per Farm
Part time farm (minimum) Full time farm	1000 New 60,000 - 100,000 Used 15,000 - 20,000
Production Costs:	\$ Per Acre
Cultural Harvest Overhead	600 - 900 500 - 700 ? TOTAL \$100-1600
Annual Gross Income:	\$ Per Acre 1000-4000

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Issued in furtherance of Cooperative Extension work, Acts of May 8 and June 30, 1914 in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture. Kenneth R. Farrell, Director of Cooperative Extension, University of California.